Write your name here		
Surname	0	other names
Edexcel GCSE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Geography B Unit 1: Dynamic Planet		
		Higher Tier
=	Aftornoon	Paper Reference
Thursday 20 January 2011 Time: 1 hour	- Arternoon	5GB1H/01
		1 '

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- In Section A, answer ALL questions.
- In Section **B**, answer **either** question **5** or **6**.
- In Section **C**, answer **either** question **7** or **8**.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed
 - you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.





SECTION A - INTRODUCTION TO THE DYNAMIC PLANET

Answer ALL questions in this section.

Topic 1: Restless Earth

1 Study Figure 1a.

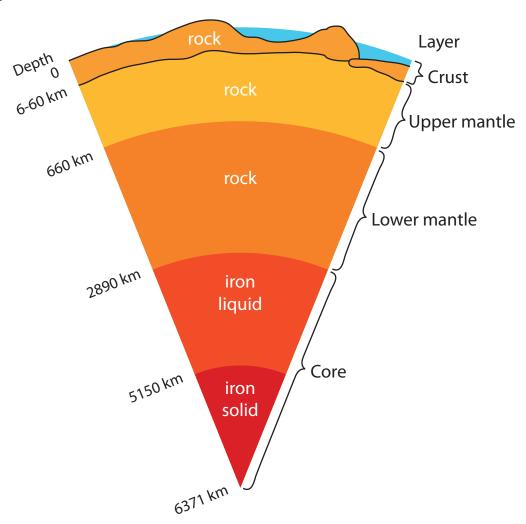


Figure 1a – A cross-section showing the structure of the Earth

	(1)

(ii) Which is the densest layer of the Earth's cross-section? (1)

(a) (i) Which is the thickest layer of the Earth's cross-section?

(b) Study Figure 1b.

Earthquake Location and Year	Number of Deaths
San Francisco (USA) 1989	63
Kobe (Japan) 1995	6 500
Kashmir (Pakistan/India) 2005	79 000
Sichuan (China) 2008	68 000
L'Aquila (Italy) 2009	307

Figure 1b - Number of deaths in recent earthquakes

Suggest one reason why the number of deaths varies between earthquakes.	(2)
(c) For either an earthquake or a volcanic eruption you have studied, describe the immediate responses in managing its impact.	(4)
Named earthquake or volcanic eruption	
(Total for Question 1 = 8 m	arks)

Topic 2: Climate and Change

2 Study Figure 2.

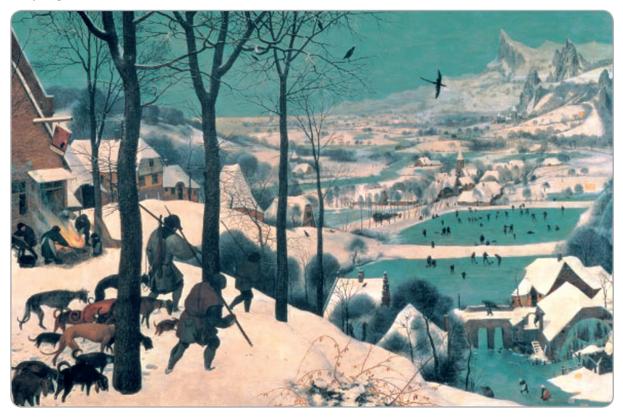


Figure 2 – Painting of the Little Ice Age (18th century)

(a) Describe how colder periods, such as the Little Ice Age, affected farming.	
	(2)

b) Describe how one human activity can contribute to climate change.	(2)
) For a named developing country, explain why climate change is likely to have a	
large impact on its people.	(4)
Named developing country	(4)
(Total for Question 2 = 8 m	arks)

Topic 3: Battle for the Biosphere

3 Study Figure 3.

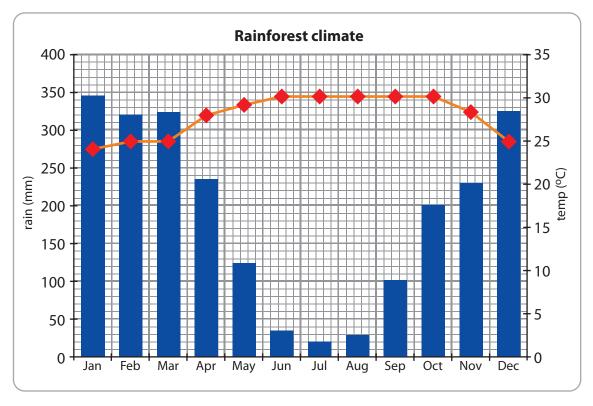


Figure 3 – Tropical rainforest climate graph

(a) Using Figure 3, describe the annual rainfall pattern in Tropical Rainforest regions	. (2)
 (b) Describe one way in which people are trying to conserve the biosphere.	(2)

(c) Describe the value of a named biome in providing	goods and services. (4)
Named biome	. ,
	(Total for Question 3 = 8 marks)

Topic 4: Water World

4 Study Figure 4.

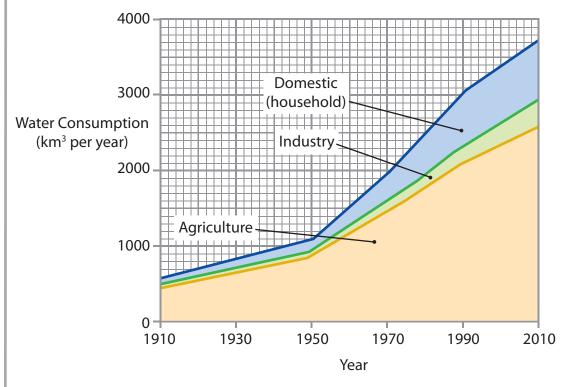


Figure 4 – Changing global water consumption, 1910 – 2010

(a) Describe how the use of water for **agriculture** changed between 1910 and 2010.

(2)

) Describe how one human activity can result in	n a decline in water quality. (2)
Describe the costs and benefits of a named la	rge-scale water management
project.	(4)
Named project	
	(Total for Question 4 = 8 marks)
	TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 32 MARKS



SECTION B – SMALL-SCALE DYNAMIC PLANET

Answer ONE question in this section.

Topic 5: Coastal Change and Conflict

If you answer Question 5 put a cross in this box \square .

5 Study Figure 5.



Figure 5 – Spurn Head

(a) Spurn Head is a spit formed by longshore drift.

Describe the process of longshore drift.

You may use a diagram to help your answer.

(3)



*(b) For a named location, explain the costs and benefits of using hard engineering techniques to protect a coastline from erosion. Named location	(6)
(Total for Question 5 = 9 r	narks)

Topic 6: River Processes and Pressures

If you answer Question 6 put a cross in this box \square .

6 Study Figure 6.



Figure 6 – A photograph of a river in its lower course

(a) Rivers often meander in their lower courses.

Describe how meanders are formed.

You may use a diagram to help your answer.

(3)

*(b) For a named location, explain how human actio	ns have increased flood risk. (6)
Named location	
	(Total for Question 6 = 9 marks) TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 9 MARKS

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 9 MARKS

SECTION C – LARGE-SCALE DYNAMIC PLANET

Answer ONE question in this section.

Topic 7: Oceans on the Edge

If you answer Question 7 put a cross in this box \square .

7 Study Figure 7.

Mangroves provide protection from storms.

Mangroves can make coastal transport difficult.

Mangroves create ideal conditions for the spread of diseases.



Mangroves provide important habitats for fish.

Mangroves reduce soil erosion.

Mangroves can provide important spawning habitats for a number of fish species.

Figure 7 – Features of mangrove swamps

(a) Suggest **one** reason why tourist development on the coast often leads to the clearance of mangrove swamps.

(1)



(b) Define the term overfishing .	(2)
(c) Explain how climate change is adding stress to marine ecosystems.	(6)
(Total for Question 7	7 = 9 marks)

Topic 8: Extreme Climates

If you answer Question 8 put a cross in this box \square .

8 Study Figure 8.



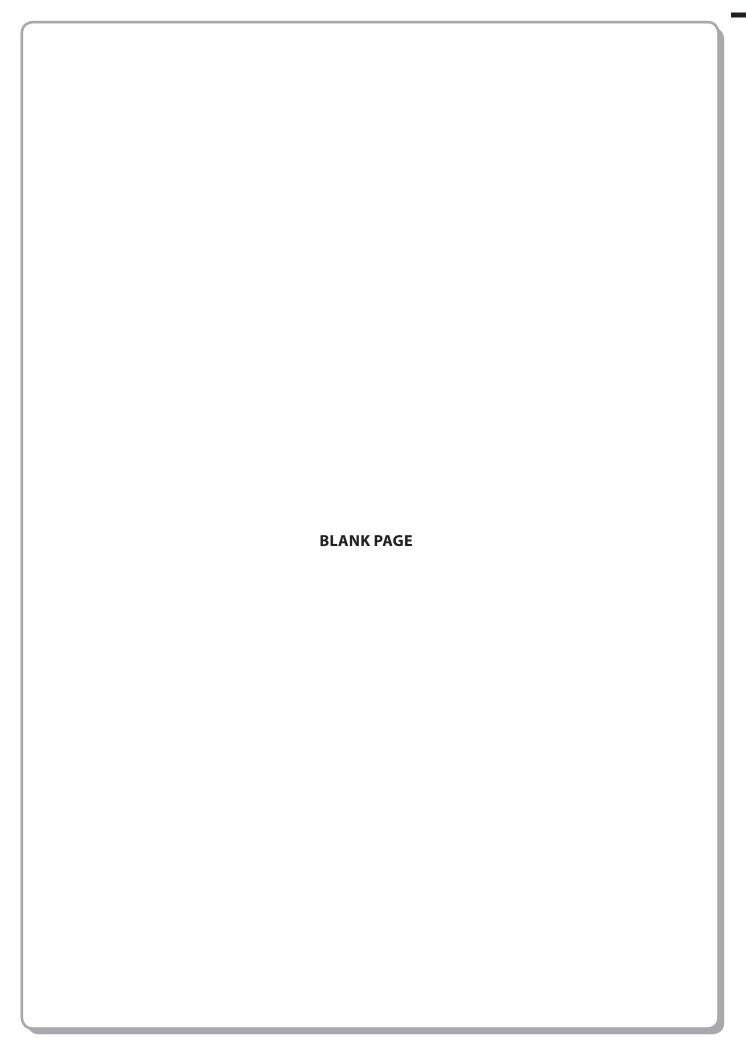
Figure 8 – Tourism advertisement: Aboriginals (Australia)

(ā	a) Suggest one reason why an increase in tourism may damage the culture of people living in an extreme climate.	(1)
(k	b) Describe one way in which people living in an extreme climate have adapted to this environment.	(2)

*(c) For either a named hot arid or a named polar region, explain which have been taken to help achieve sustainability.	the local actions (6)
Name of region	
(Total for	Question 8 = 9 marks)
	SECTION C = 9 MARKS OR PAPER = 50 MARKS







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